



Made for treating the symptoms of Lyme disease
for healing the body naturally!

Lyme disease patch™ is a non-drug product that was developed as a complementary therapy program that is accepted by Doctors and Practitioners as an aid to support and restore the healing function.

Made in the U.S.A

Lyme disease is a bacterial infection transmitted by a tick. Lyme disease was first recognized in 1975, after researchers investigated why unusually large numbers of children were being diagnosed with juvenile rheumatoid arthritis in Lyme, Conn. If left untreated, infection can spread to joints, the heart, and the nervous system. Lyme disease is diagnosed based on symptoms, physical findings, rash, and the possibility of exposure to infected ticks; laboratory testing is helpful if used correctly and performed with validated methods.

After several weeks of being infected with Lyme disease, approximately 60% of those people not treated with antibiotics develop recurrent attacks of painful and swollen joints that last a few days to a few months. The arthritis can shift from one joint to another; the knee is most commonly affected and usually one or a few joints are affected at any given time.

About 10% to 20% of untreated patients will go on to develop lasting arthritis. Lyme disease imitates a variety of illnesses and its severity can vary from person to person. If you have been bitten by a tick and live in an area known to have Lyme disease, see your doctor right away so that a proper diagnosis can be made and treatment started.

Studies reliably demonstrate that the following are among the many benefits of the Lyme enhanced frequency patch:

Benefits from the Lyme Patch:

- Speeds up the healing of the rash.
- Prevent subsequent symptoms such as arthritis or neurological problems.
- Helps prevent serious side effects.
- Reduces fatigue and achiness.
- Reduces muscle aches, and joint pain.
- Prevention.



(Scale of image is centimeters.)

In the photo above, the tick on the left is an adult female blacklegged tick, which is red and dark brown. To her right is an adult male blacklegged tick, which is smaller and dark in color. A nymph blacklegged tick is the second from the right, and a blacklegged tick larva is to the far right.

Typical symptoms include fever, headache, fatigue, and a characteristic red rash on skin called erythema-migrans. If left untreated, infection can spread to joints, the heart, and the nervous system. Lyme disease is diagnosed based on symptoms, physical findings (e.g., rash), and the possibility of exposure to infected ticks; laboratory testing is helpful if used correctly and performed with validated methods. Most cases of Lyme disease can be treated successfully with a few weeks of antibiotics.

Lyme disease may be difficult to diagnose because many of its symptoms mimic those of other disorders. Although a tick bite is an important clue for diagnosis, many patients cannot recall having been bitten by a tick. This is not surprising because the tick is tiny, and a tick bite is usually painless.